ì				
Į.				
1				
1				

25X1

## **National Intelligence Daily** (Cable)

13 May 1982

State Dept. review completed

**Top Secret** 

CPAS NIDC 82-112C

Сору

402



А	Approved For Release 2008/09/23 : CIA-RDP84100301R000300 Top Sec		25 <b>X</b> 1
Q			
Conte	tents		
	UK-Argentina: Some Diplomatic Progress	1	
	Western Europe : Reaction to President's Spe	zech	<sub>5</sub> 25 <b>X</b> 6
	Poland: Dispute Over Academic Freedom	6	5
	The Netherlands: Government Falls		7
	Western Europe - Turkey: Human Rights Issue	8	3
	Egypt: Crackdown on Islamic Extremists		25 <b>X</b> 6
	Saudi Arabia: Concern About Possible Shia Unrest.	10	)
	South Korea: Financial Scandal		
Snog			,
spec.	cial Analysis		
	NATO - Warsaw Pact: Prospects Bleak for MBFR Talks	11	-
			25X1
	Top Sec	ret	
			25 <b>X</b> 1

Approved For Release 2008/09/23 : CIA-RDP84T003	01R000300010043-7 Top Secret	25 <b>X</b> 1
UK-ARGENTINA: Some Diplomatic Progress		
(Information as of 2300 ED		
//On the diplomatic front, the two sides ferences at the UN, but there were signs that approaching the limits of their negotiating flamilitary activity continued,	narrowed their dif- both parties were	25X1
		25 <b>X</b> 1
	continued	
	Top Secret	25 <b>X</b> 1
1		
		25 <b>X</b> 1

2

Top Secret

Top Secret

Domestic Developments in Argentina

Some influential Argentines have made clear to the Embassy their concern that bilateral relations could be irreparably damaged if the US does not become visibly associated with current peace efforts at a time when the UK is taking the military offensive. Argentina's Ambassador to the US told OAS Ambassador Middendorf on Tuesday that the US should resume a neutral position before final negotiations in the UN to pave the way for a future US accommodation with Buenos Aires.

25X1

--continued

Top Secret

Approved For Release 2008/09/23 : CIA-RDP84T	00301R000300010043-7	
	Top Secret	25 <b>X</b> 1
		25 <b>X</b> ′
Comment: Although angry at the US tine leaders have thus far been careful anti-US passions.	position, Argen- to avoid arousing	25X1 25X1

	Top Secret	25X1
		25 <b>X</b> 6
WESTERN EUROPE Reactions to Pr	resident's Speech	ì
//Most NATO Allies  Reagan's START proposals signal a reopening of stion talks with the USSR.//	believe President serious arms reduc-	25X6 25X1
//West Europeans generally have well posals, which they primarily attribute to domestic US calls to reopen a dialogue well west German officials praised the opening talks and called on Moscow to respond positional positions.	to Allied and with the Soviets.  ng of the START positively. In	25X1
//Many press commentators noted what to be an abandonment of linking negotiat to cooperative Soviet international behasome media speculation that CSCE and the European Disarmament also would resume it the initiative and that the beginning of have a positive effect on INF and MBFR moscow is now seen to be on the defensive been numerous calls for a positive Sovie	tions with Moscow avior. There was a Conference on in the wake of START would negotiations. we, and there hav	3
//Critics of the speech argued that cuts in land-based ICBMs and by not ment or cruise missiles, the President was as to make the biggest concessions. They dan agreement was possible under such con	cioning bombers sking the Soviets doubted whether	25 <b>Y</b> 1
		25X6
		25X1

POLAND:	Dispute	Over	Academic	Freedom
---------	---------	------	----------	---------

Warsaw University's efforts to defend its autonomy may lead to a showdown with the regime.

25X1

The faculty senate earlier this week rejected government attempts to control the appointment of key university administrators. The senate has refused to cooperate with the rector, who recently was appointed by the government, or to abide by any Ministry of Education directives that he tries to carry out. This rejection follows similar action by the faculty at the main university in Gdansk.

25X1

Faculty members are trying to defend university autonomy until a new higher education bill recently passed by parliament and scheduled to be implemented in September gives universities more authority to run their own affairs. The government nonetheless has threatened several times to close all or part of Warsaw University if the senate refuses to be more cooperative.

25X1

Comment: The regime probably hoped that the new education law would foster cooperation. The school's faculty, however, apparently doubts that the bill will be implemented and is trying to avoid compromises that it may later regret. The faculty's actions could, therefore, prompt the regime to make good on its threats to close the school or to fire recalcitrant faculty members.

25X1

Faculty firings probably would cause student protests in Warsaw and perhaps elsewhere. Closing the university might galvanize much of the country's academic community into a confrontation with the regime over the principle of academic freedom.

25X1

Top Secret

Approved For Release 2008/09/23: CIA-RDP84T00301R000300010043-7 25X1 Top Secret THE NETHERLANDS: Government Falls //The fall of the government yesterday probably will force 25X1 new elections.// //The collapse of Prime Minister van Agt's threeparty coalition was precipitated by the resignation of 25X1 Ministers of the Labor Party, who left the cabinet to protest additional budget cuts proposed by their Christian Democratic and Democrat 1966 partners.// Comment: //Labor withdrawal from the eight-monthold government has been likely for some time. The party differed with its governing partners on a number of issues and suffered divisions in its own ranks over whether to continue supporting economic austerity programs.// //Van Agt apparently can carry on a minority govern-25X1 ment with his Christian Democrats and the D'66, hoping for support from the opposition Liberals on key issues. He is more likely, however, to call for new elections.// 25X1 //Recent provincial elections and opinion surveys have indicated a continued loss of support for the Labor Party and gains for the Christian Democrats, D'66, and especially the Liberals. If elections take place, van Agt would hope to regain a center-right parliamentary majority with the Liberals, and perhaps overcome D'66 reluc-25X1 tance to join this combination.// //A government without the Labor Party--the most vocal foes of INF--would give a psychological lift to supporters of deployment but would not bring about a decision any time soon. Even a Christian Democratic - Liberal majority large enough to override Christian Democratic dissidents would be unlikely to address the issue pending clearer results from arms control talks.// 25X1 //In any new center-right government, the D'66 position on INF will probably be decisive in winning eventual parliamentary approval. A majority of the D'66 rank and file oppose deployment.// 25X1

Top	Secret

Top Secret	25 <b>X</b> 1
WESTERN EUROPE - TURKEY: Human Rights Issue	
//Legal experts representing the Netherlands, Denmark, Fr Sweden, and Norway probably will move tomorrow to bring formal rights charges against Turkey before the European Human Rights Commission.//	
//Relations between Turkey and many West Europea states have eroded further in recent months following Ankara's acknowledgment of prisoner deaths after tort the rearrest in April of former Prime Minister Ecevit and the trial of labor union leaders.//	g ture,
//The apparent decision to proceed with charges follows unsuccessful West European efforts to satisfy domestic political criticism of Turkey while avoiding direct confrontation with the government. In March, Ankara rejected a French-Norwegian-Swedish plan to establish committees in the Council of Europe to monitor Turkish progress on democracy and human rights.//	9 5- 25X1
//Ministers of the Council then tried late last month to convince Turkey to accept a binding declarate regarding the restoration of democracy. After the Turefused, Norwaywhich had been particularly reluctant to press a case against a NATO allyagreed to support a complaint before the Human Rights Commission.//	urks nt 25X1
Comment: //Ankara's patience with West Europear investigation of human rights violations is wearing to especially because prospects for a large-scale OECD apackage this year are bleak. Nevertheless, the government is likely to agree to participate in human right hearings rather than force a complete break with the Council.//	thin, aid rn-
//A ruling by the Human Rights Commission against Turkey probably would lead to a decision to expel it from the Council. Turkey would almost certainly with draw to preempt such a move. The Commission deliberations, however, would be likely to last at least a year by which time Turkish progress toward restoring democrated democrated to the could forestall a negative finding.//	h- a- ear,
	25 <b>X</b> 1
Top Secret	25X1

	Top Secret	25X1
		25X <sup>2</sup>
EGYPT: Crackdown on Islamic Extremists  Egyptian authorities recently have		
Egyptian authorities recently have steps to suppress the extremist Muslim of implicated in President Sadat's assassiments have been brought against 302 fund accused of fomenting unrest last year, as is asking for the death penalty in 299 court proceedings, however, are moving seconds.	organizations nation. Indict damentalists and the governm	t-
		25X1
9	Top Secret	

SAUDI ARABIA: Concern About Possible Shia Unrest	
0110012 111-11-11	
King Khalid, Prince Abdullah, the Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard, and Defense Minister Sultan visited Eastern Province from 27 April to 3 May. The King stopped in Al Qatif, the scene of violent demonstrations by members of the Shia Muslim minority in 1979 and 1980, where he met with local Shia leaders and accepted petitions for increased government assistance. Khalid's trip comes only four months after a similar visit by Crown Prince Fahd.	<b>(</b> 1
Comment: The timing of the visit probably reflects official concern that recent Iranian military gains may stimulate new outbursts by Shias, who long have been embittered by government neglect. The lack of major unrest in Al Qatif since 1980 is due more to increased government security than to the modest expansion of aid from Riyadh. Although the King's visit will strengthen the government's image in Al Qatif temporarily, lasting gains will depend on the actual provision of government assistance.	<b>(</b> 1
SOUTH KOREA: Financial Scandal	
//A major financial scandal involving a relative of President Chun's wife and a former high-level security official has paralyzed the country's informal credit market, has caused serious financial problems in at least six major firms, and has resulted thus far in the dismissal of the presidents of two major banks. Chun, amid hints by the media that the ruling party may be involved, has promised a thorough investigation. Preliminary findings have not implicated other officials or relatives of the President.//	25 <b>X</b> 1
Comment: //The financial disruption is likely to aggravate the cash-flow problems of many already struggling businesses and could raise doubts about South Korea's international creditworthiness. Moreover, Chun has placed heavy emphasis on reducing corruption, and the scandal could damage his credibility, particularly among his backers in the military.//	5 <b>X</b> 1
Top Secret  10	5X1

Approved For Release 2008/09/23: CIA-RDP84T00301R00030001004	Approved For Release	2008/09/23	: CIA-RDP84T0030	1R000300010043
--------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------	------------	------------------	----------------

25X1

Top Secret

SPECIAL ANALYSIS

NATO - WAI	RSAW PACT:	Prospects	Bleak	for	MBFR	Talks

25X1

//Another round of the MBFR talks opens today in Vienna. The East is likely to restate previous positions and demand that the West agree to limit discussion of the size of Warsaw Pact forces and that it reduce its monitoring requirements in return for Eastern assent to a recent NATO initiative to facilitate progress in the talks. If the West offers a second initiative on force ceilings and reductions, now being discussed by NATO, the East almost certainly would demand major changes in it.//

25X1

//The draft accord introduced by the East in mid-February did not address such long deadlocked issues as disagreement over the size of Warsaw Pact ground force strength in Central Europe and the need for comprehensive measures to monitor troop reductions and ceilings. The Soviets know that NATO will continue to reject their draft, but they find it useful to probe Western willingness to make concessions on the data dispute and to restrict West German troop strength.//

25X1

//The Soviets probably will reject the West's call for the creation of working groups to evaluate the status of the negotiations and to resolve the Warsaw Pact troop data issue. The East has not responded to the Western offer of last July to provide NATO estimates of certain Soviet ground force elements in return for the Warsaw Pact's own figures for these forces. A Soviet negotiator claimed in March that Ustinov personally vetoed exchanging this kind of information.//

25X1

--continued

Top Secret

Top Secret	25X1			
Western Initiative and Soviet Reaction				
//NATO countries are discussing a new treaty proposal that may be made public next month. It calls for:				
Agreement on troop data before signing a pact that would set an overall ceiling for each alliance and separate subceilings for US and Soviet ground forces.				
Initial reductions of US ground units by 13,000 troops and of Soviet ground force divisions by 30,000 troops.	25X1			
Comprehensive monitoring provisions.//				
//Such a treaty probably would be no more acceptable to Moscow than earlier proposals. The Soviets have insisted that small US and Soviet troop reductions do not require prior agreement on ground force strength. An information exchange, Moscow contends, is possible after trust is established by the initial withdrawals. Moreover, the East will insist upon specific commitments to limit the West German contribution under a NATO troop ceiling.//	25X1			
Looking Ahead				
//Significant concessions on either the data or the monitoring issue are unlikely. There is no sign that any top Soviet leaderespecially at a time of presuccession maneuveringwould be prepared to argue for divulging information on Soviet forces. Moreover, the situation in Poland makes it more important to avoid monitoring provisions that might constrain Soviet military options.//				
//The Kremlin seems satisfied that the MBFR process serves its political purposes and feels little pressure to reach agreement soon. Only substantial Western concessions would cause the Warsaw Pact states to trim their advantage over NATO in Central Europenow estimated to be 210,000 troops.//				
Top Secret	25X1			

**Top Secret**